2016年度

神戸国際高等学校入学試験

英 語

(2016年2月10日実施、50分、100点満点)

(注意)

- 1. 解答用紙には必ず受験番号を記入してください。
- 2. 全ての問題に解答してください。
- 3. 解答は全て解答用紙に記入してください。記入方法を誤ると得点にはならないので、 十分に注意してください。
- 4. 試験終了後、解答用紙のみ提出し、問題冊子は各自持ち帰ってください。

- I 放送を聞いて、リスニングテスト1、2の問題に答えなさい。英文はそれぞれ 2 度放送されます。
 - リスニングテスト1 英文を聞き、解答用紙の下線部ア〜ウに聞き取った英語を書き入れなさい。
 - リスニングテスト2 会話文を聞き、質問に対する答えとして適切なものをア〜エから それぞれ1つ選んで、その記号を解答欄に書きなさい。

No.1

- 7 Take her to the train station.
- ✓ Pick her up from the train station.
- ウ Go to church together.

No.2

- 7 They are going to the movies and the Chinese restaurant.
- ☐ They are going to the museum and the Chinese restaurant.
- ウ They are going to the museum and a Mexican restaurant.
- They are going to the movies and a Mexican restaurant.

No.3

- ア His school.
- イ His bed.
- ウ His mother.
- 工 His mother's cooking.

No.4

- Cook Italian food at Greg's house.
- ✓ Meet at Greg's house at 6:30.
- ウ Eat at an Italian restaurant.
- 工 Eat at Bonnie's house.

No.5

- 7 On March 11th at 10 am.
- ✓ On March 11th at 3 pm.
- ウ On March 16th at 10am.
- 工 On March 16th at 3 pm.

	次の 1 から 10 の つずつ選んで記号			も適切なものを、	ア〜エからそれぞれ		
1.	Kobe is famous (
0	T to		ウ for	工 at			
2.	Sara has lived in						
9	The game these		ウ from				
э.	The game those g						
1	ア looks イ look ウ look for エ looks at I saw a girl and her dog () were playing in the living room.						
4.			ク were playing in ウ that				
5	This window was			— WIIOSC			
0.				エ wasn't h	e		
6.	Lisa can dance th				C		
•			ウ than				
7.	It'll be fine tomor						
			ウ to go	-			
8.	After she watche						
			ウ felt				
9.	Akiko () be la	ate for today	's meeting becaus	se of heavy traffic			
	ア cannot	√ shouldn't	ゥ won't	그 may			
10.	Please () your	rself at home	e.				
	ア make	√ help	ウ take	工 have			
~					。解答欄には(A) 小文字で示してあり		
1.	A: I hurt my leg	in a soccer g	ame last week, a	nd it still hurts.			
) () a do			
	アtoイ	you ウ	for I go	オ time カ a	nd see day present for her		
			() (D)	() a birtho	day present for her		
	grandmother.						
	7 for	✓ know	ウtoエ	what 才 buy			
3.	A: () (E						
			ウ teachers ユ	are オ how	T .		
	B: Well, about th	-					
4.			s () (G)	()(H)() do during the		
	summer vacation			,			
_				工 to 才 peog	ple		
5.	This problem (
0				工 one 才 isn'	t		
6.	. A: What happened? You look sad. B: Well, I () (K) (L) () by my father.						
) bought	1 tne	ツ waten エ	lost オ hav	e		

IV 次の英文を読んであとの問いに答えなさい。

Valentine's Day, or St. Valentine's Day, is celebrated every year on February 14th around the world. It's the day when people show their *affection for another person (①) sending cards, flowers or chocolates with messages of love. And traditionally on Valentine's Day in a leap year - every four years - women can propose *marriage to their partner!

The day gets its name from a famous *saint, but there are several stories of the name. A popular story about St. Valentine is that he was a *priest from Rome in the third century AD. *Emperor Claudius II ② banned marriage because he thought married men were bad soldiers. Valentine thought that this was unfair because marriage was the *will of God, so he broke the rules and continued to hold weddings in secret. When Valentine's actions were found out, he was thrown in *jail and *sentenced to death. When he was taken to be killed on February 14th, he left a farewell letter signed "from your Valentine" to ③(took / who / him / of / in / good care / the girl) the jail.

Valentine's Day is a very old tradition. It is thought that it came from a Roman festival. The Romans had a festival called *Lupercalia in the middle of February. It celebrated the start of their springtime. It is thought that as part of the celebrations, boys drew names of girls from a box. They often became boyfriend and girlfriend (④) the festival and sometimes they would get married. Later on, the church wanted to turn this festival into a Christian celebration and decided to use it to remember St. Valentine, too. Gradually, St. Valentine's name started to be used by people to show their feelings to people that they loved. Now, it is said that one billion cards are sent every year, so, after Christmas, it is the second largest card-sending holiday of the year in the world.

In Japan and Korea, however, ⑤ <u>Valentine's Day is () only a celebration () also an unwanted event for some women and men.</u>

Some women give chocolates, known as *giri-choco*, to *colleagues and friends to be *sociable with them. One month later, (⑥) 14th, a day known as White Day is popular these days in Japan. Some men return white chocolate or marshmallows to those who gave them chocolates on Valentine's Day. In Korea there is a Black Day. It is on April 14th for those who did not receive any gifts on Valentine's Day. They gather together to eat *Jajangmyun, Chinese style black noodles with a black sauce.

(注) affection 愛情 marriage 結婚 saint 聖人 priest 聖職者 Emperor Claudius II 皇帝クラウディウスⅡ世 will 意思 jail 刑務所、ろうや sentence to death 死刑を宣告する Lupercalia ルペルカーリア祭 colleague 職場の同僚 sociable 社交的な Jajangmyun ジャージャー麺

1. 空欄((1))((4))に入れるのに最も適切な前置詞を下から 1 つずつ選び、その記号を答えなさい。それぞれの語は 1 度しか使えません。

ア about イ by ウ to エ until オ during

2. 下線部②について ban の意味として最も適切なものを下から 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア ~を認める イ ~を禁止する ウ ~を奨励する エ ~を祝福する

- 3. 下線部③が「刑務所で彼の世話をよくしてくれた女の子」という意味になるよう() 内の語句を並べかえ解答欄に書きなさい。
- 4. 下線部⑤が「バレンタインデーはある女性や男性たちにとってお祝いであるだけでなく、望ましくない行事でもある。」という意味になるように()に適切な語を入れなさい。
- 5. 空欄(⑥)に入る最も適切な1語を答えなさい。
- 6. 本文の内容に一致するものを下から2つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
 - Emperor Claudius II thought Valentine was a bad soldier.
 - ✓ Valentine was killed because he wrote a letter to a girl.
 - ウ The church started to use a traditional festival as a Christian celebration.
 - ☐ More cards are sent on Christmas than on St. Valentine's Day.
 - オ In Korea, if men don't get presents on April 14th, they eat black noodles.

V 次の文は、中学生のともこさんとニュージーランドからの留学生 Mary との対話です。 これを読んであとの問いに答えなさい。

Tomoko: Hi, Mary. How are you doing?

Mary: Hi, Tomoko. I am thinking about my homework. Do you remember that our English teacher told us to write an essay last week?

Tomoko: Yes, I do. Have you decided what to write about?

Mary: Well, I am going to write about cultural differences between New Zealand and Japan.

Tomoko: (①) I want to go to New Zealand to study abroad in the future. So, I really want to know the (②).

Mary: OK. For example, in Japan, the public transportation system is very convenient and comfortable.

Tomoko: Oh, really? Is it so different from that in your country?

Mary: Well, in my town, there are no announcements in the bus. So, we have to remember the landscape around the neighborhood and push the button before the bus passes by the *destination.

Tomoko: That will be difficult for me. I sometimes *take a nap in the bus on my way home. I will have to be more careful if I take a bus in New Zealand.

Mary: Don't worry. You will get (③) to it soon. And the people are very kind, too. If you tell the bus driver your address, he will tell you when you need to get off.

Tomoko: That sounds nice! How about trains?

Mary: Trains are not so popular in New Zealand. I took trains for the first time after I came to Japan. I was very surprised to see a lot of trains and train lines. I didn't know which train to take to go to school on the first day.

Tomoko: (4) did you go to school then?

Mary: Well, a kind woman came and told me how to buy the ticket and led me to the platform.

Tomoko: I see. Even if the cultures are different, we can depend on each other when we are in trouble.

(注) take a nap 居眠りをする destination 目的地

- 1 空欄(①)に入る最も適切な表現を下から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
 - That sounds interesting!
 - √ Thank you for helping me.
 - ウ Have you been to New Zealand?
 - ☐ How about writing about cultural differences?

2 空欄(②)に入る最も適切な語を本文中から1語抜き出して書きなさい。
3 空欄(③)に入る最も適切な表現を下から 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。 ア well イ back ウ lost エ used
4 空欄(④)に入る最も適切な語を下から 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。 ア What イ When ウ How エ Where
 5 会話の内容に合うものを下から2つ選び、記号で答えなさい。 ア Tomoko advised Mary to write about cultural differences. イ Mary didn't use trains while she was in New Zealand. ウ In New Zealand, the bus driver needs to push the button before stopping at the bus stop. エ A woman at the station helped Mary to go to school on the first day.
VI 次の各文の日本語の意味に合うように、それぞれの英文の () 内に適切な語を 1 記ずつ解答欄に書きなさい。
1 この本を読めば、あなたは幸せな気持ちになるでしょう。 Reading this book will ()()().
2 ロンドンは多くの旅行者が訪れる都市の一つです。London is one of the cities () () many tourists.
3 彼がいつ戻ってくるのか私に教えてください。 Please tell me ()()()()back.
4 彼女は彼に話を聞いてもらいたかった。 She()()()listen to().